Getting Organized for Emergency Preparedness Neighbors Helping Neighbors



- Context
- Types of Multi-Unit Housing
- 3 Types of Emergencies
- Key Players
- Needed Prior to Emergency
- Problem Statement
- Desired State
- Solution
- OK-Help Signs

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Context

An Individual

In a Home or Unit

... In a Building

... In a Complex

In a Neighborhood

In a Community

Types Housing

Single-Family Homes

Owners and HOAs

Apartments & Townhouses

Renters and Property Managers

- Large Complexes (50 to 500+ units)
- Small Complex (under 50 units)
- Duplex, Triplex and Quad Apartments
- Rentable Townhouse Units

Condominiums

Owners and HOAs

- Apartments
- Townhouses

3 Types of Emergencies

"Catastrophic" Emergency

Example: Subduction Fault Earthquake

- Last occurred on January 26, 1700 at 9pm
- 39% chance of 7.0+ earthquake in the next 50 years
- Will cause multiple emergencies and a broad spectrum of needs
- Many people do not believe that this could happen to them and are unprepared
- Recovery could take 30+ days

"Major" Emergencies

Example: 2020 Ice Storm

- Trees and electrical wires down
- Roads Blocked
- Many areas affected
- Occurs 1 2 times per year on average
- Recovery could take 7-10 days

"Minor" Emergencies

Example: Broken Water Pipe

- Street Floods
- Building Fire
- Affects a limited area
- Occurs several times each month

About Emergencies

Causes of Emergencies ...

- Water Pipe Break
- Sewer Line Break
- Gas Line Break
- Electrical Outage
- Hazardous Waste
- Hot or Cold Weather
- Cell Phone Outage
- Smoke
- Fire
- Wind
- Flood
- Toxic Fumes
- Broken Glass
- Toppled Furniture
- Building Collapse
- Wires Down
- Trees Down
- Roads Blocked
- Stores Closed

Potential Needs ...

Food and Water

Ability to Cook Food

Heating or Cooling

Medication

Medical Care

Lighting

Telephone Service

Search & Rescue

Short-term Shelter (Public, Family or Friend)

Long-term Shelter (Public or New Place to Live)

Power Bricks

Gas for Car

Protect Pets

Tents, Portable Tables and chairs

Extra Blankets

Tarps and Rain Wear

Radios and Training in Their Use

Fire Extinguishers and Training in Their Use

Escape Ladder or Chute

Cash (since ATMs may be down)

"To Go" Bag

Updates on Status of Emergency

Key Players ...

- Residents of Single-family Homes
- Residents of Townhouses
- Residents of Muti-Unit Housing
- People who rent out their apartment or condo
- Apartment Managers
- Apartment Owners
- Condo Boards
- Homeowner Association Boards
- Neighborhood Associations
- City and County Emergency Management Team
- Police, Fire and Public Works Departments

Needed Prior to an Emergency

1. Awareness

Emergencies are real and can occur at any time

- Form a Resident Group
- Talk with your neighbors
- 2. Educate Yourself How to prepare (food, water, special tools, etc.).
- Gather Information
 List of Volunteer Resources in your area
- 4. Connect with Your Neighbors
 Ability to distribute resource information to neighbors at start of emergency
- 5. Supplies Emergency supplies purchased individually or as a group

Problem Statement

Residents ...

 are often not prepared or organized to respond to an emergency

 often believe that someone will come to help them during an emergency (which may not be the case)

Problem Statement

Residents of Multi-Unit Housing ...

- are often considered "transient" even though they may be long-time residents
- do not have control over the structural integrity of their building
- may not know each other, especially in Multi-Unit Housing with 50+ units
- may not have previously experienced emergencies and may not understand that emergencies (large and small) will happen
- often believe that their building manager or HOA will help them during an emergency, which is generally not the case
- may not be aware of or be educated in emergency preparedness
- may have nowhere to have a group meeting
- have no one willing to apply for a Neighborhood Enhancement Program (NEP) supply grant managed by the City Planning Department
- have no place to store materials that would be shared in an emergency (like a garage)

Desired State

Neighbors helping neighbors manage during the first week of an emergency

Solution – Residents Get Organized

- Form an "Area Group" and identify an "Area Group Leader"
- 2. Identify smaller sub-groups as appropriate
- 3. Identify **Sub-Group Leaders and Members** for each sub-group
- 4. Sub-Groups Collect Resource and Volunteer information prior to an emergency
- 5. Sub-Groups Distribute Resource and Volunteer Information at the start of an emergency

Solution – Residents Get Organized

Residents **Sub-Group Teams Distribute Resource** and Volunteer **Information** at the start of an Collect emergency Resource and Volunteer Information prior to an

emergency

Identify "Resident Area Leader"

Divide Area into Smaller Sub-Groups

An Area could be a Whole Neighborhood or a Large Multi-Unit Housing Complex

Sub-Group

Recruit Resident Sub-Group Leader and Members

Sub-Group Examples: A House or Street

- Part of a Neighborhood
- **A Small Apartment Building**
- A floor of an Apartment
- A set of Townhouses

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Solution - Supplies

Recommended Action

Preparedness Starts at Home ...

- Emergency Multi-Tool: Gas & Water Shut Off, Pry Bar, 4 in 1, Non-Sparking, Emergency earthquake Gas Shut Off Valve - Fireman Tools - Gas Turn Off Wrench - Tern Tool
- **Portable Power Station**: Lithium Battery Power, AC, DC, USB QC3.0, used for LED flashlight, charging cell phone, CPAP, and running refrigerator
- Headlamp Flashlight: USB Rechargeable Led Head Lamp
- Emergency Food Bucket: 150-200 total servings, variety of meals, just add water
- Water: 1 gallon per day per person and pet
- Window sign with "OK" on one side with a green background and "Help" on the other side with a red background.
- Garbage Bags Large Heavy Dusty Black Plastic and smaller White Plastic

Solution - Supplies

Recommended Action (continued)

Preparedness Starts at Home ...

- Radios two way and with City and training in their use
- Temporary Shelter Tent, Extra Blankets, Table and Chairs, Portable Stove
- Fire Extinguishers and training in their use
- Escape Ladder or Chute
- Cash since ATMs may be down
- Prepare a "To Go" Bag in case a resident has to evacuate their residence. Strap down water heater
- Prepare Furniture attach furniture, such as bookcases, to wall so they won't tip over



We are OK and have evacuated. We can be contacted at:



Resident

Name:

Phone #:

Emergency Contact

Name:

Phone #: